

ARIZONA CITIZEN.

Vol. IV.]

TUCSON, PIMA COUNTY, A. T., SATURDAY, JULY 11, 1874.

[No. 40.]

THE ARIZONA CITIZEN

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One square, twelve lines, one time, \$3.00
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Professional cards, per quarter, 8.00
Plain death notices, free. Obituary remarks in prose, \$3 per square; in poetry, \$2.50 per line.

Business advertisements at Reduced Rates. Office south side Court-house Plaza.

AUTHORIZED AGENTS FOR THE CITIZEN:

W. N. Kelly, newsdealer at Prescott, has the CITIZEN for sale, and has authority to receive and receipt for money due us.
L. P. Fisher, 29 and 21 New Merchants' Exchange, is our authorized Agent in San Francisco.
Schneider, Grierson & Co., Arizona City.
E. Irvine & Co., Phoenix.
JOHN WASSON, Proprietor.

R. A. WILBUR, M. D.,
TUCSON - ARIZONA.
OFFICE: COR. STONE AND CONVENT STS.

J. C. HANDY, M. D.,
TUCSON - ARIZONA.
CORNER OF CHURCH AND CONVENT.

O. F. McCARTY,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW,
Practices in all the Courts of the Territory.
Office in the Hodge Building, Tucson.
November 1, 1873. tf

COLES BASHFORD,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
TUCSON - ARIZONA.
Will practice in all the Courts of the Territory. 11f

WILLIAM J. OSBORN,
NOTARY PUBLIC AND CONVEYANCER,
Special assistance given in obtaining patents for Mining and Preemption claims.
Office north side Congress street, Tucson, Arizona.

J. E. McCAFFERY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
U. S. District Attorney for Arizona.
TUCSON - ARIZONA.
Office on Congress street. 11f

L. C. HUGHES,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
ATTORNEY-GENERAL ARIZONA,
TUCSON - ARIZONA.
Office on Congress street. my34f

O. W. STREETER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELOR AT LAW,
TUCSON, ARIZONA.
Will practice in the Supreme and District Courts, attend to cases involving title to mines and mineral lands; secure preemptions for settlers; attend to contested land cases here and in Washington; secure pensions and bounty land warrants for soldiers. Patents for mineral claims obtained for \$25. Declaratory statements filed for settlers for \$25. Having had twenty-five years experience we are satisfied that we can give satisfaction. Office in second story of brick building, adjoining E. N. Fish & Co's Store.
Tucson, May 2, 1874. 30-4f

Cosmopolitan Hotel,
Tucson, Arizona.
H. B. SMITH, Proprietor.

THIS NEW AND COMMODIOUS HOTEL extends on Main street from Pennington to Otis, in a very desirable part of the city.
The Proprietor now feels justified in soliciting patronage in the full assurance that he can please all who may become his guests.
Special care will be taken to accommodate families as well as others in an unexceptionable manner.

TERMS:
By the week, \$10.00
By the week with room, 15.00
By the day, 2.00
Single meals, 1.00
Beds, 1.00
Tucson, July 4, 1874. 39-4f

DAVIS & KELSON,
CONGRESS STREET, TUCSON,

MANUFACTURERS and DEALERS

-IN-
TIN, BRASS AND SHEET IRON WARE;
Also STOVES of the BEST patterns.

EVERY DESCRIPTION
-OF-
Tin, Sheet-iron Ware and Stoves is sold on terms to suit the times.
Orders solicited and promptly filled.

Connected with the above establishment is a special department for the

REPAIR AND CLEANING
-OF-
WATCHES, CLOCKS, Etc., Etc.

STENCIL WORK solicited and executed to suit customers.
All work warranted as represented.

THE BOY WITH THE HICKORY SHIRT.

A fig for your upper-ten boys,
With their canes and cigars and eye-glasses,
Their dandified airs and soft eyes,
Winking down on each girl that passes.
They may guzzle clambake and champagne
And pride in their high birth;
But give me that lad that goes plain,
The boy with the hickory shirt.

He is round as a barrel, and brown
As the peach in the mid-autumn sun;
From the sole of his foot to his crown,
He is brimful of frolic and fun.
Not afraid of hard work or of cold,
He is fearless and rough, without hurt;
His honor's as good as pure gold—
The boy with the hickory shirt.

To say his big heart cannot beat
With kindness for parents and brothers,
Would picture his traits incomplete,
If his sisters shared not with the others.
In fact he's a brother of a blade;
I can't fathom how much he is worth;
But the poor girl's fortune is made,
That gets him with the hickory shirt.

NEVER borrow trouble. Sit around all day and do nothing and it will come to you soon enough.

MR. E. S. MITCHELL, of the firm of Kerens & Mitchell, mail contractors, the week. He informs us that his firm have arrived in the coach from the west during made all the necessary arrangements to commence carrying the mail on their contract, on the 1st of July. Backboards will be started on the route from Mesilla to Las Vegas, and the intention is to put on coaches in few months when the travel will justify it.—[Mesilla News, June 27.]

A PRESCOTT dispatch, of June 29, to The San Diego Union says:

The Tiger mine (Bradshaw district) was sometime since bonded to parties in Los Angeles for \$100,000. The time of the bond being about to expire, it has been extended thirty days pending negotiations which are being made in England for the sale of the mine. This is considered to be the richest and most extensive ledge in Arizona. The original Tiger lode and its extensions extend over three miles, with a width varying from five to thirty feet. It is so situated that it requires large capital to work it.

AMONG the late dispatches to The Alta, we find these of interest to Arizona:

The General Indian Appropriation bill as finally passed appropriates \$500,000 for subsistence of Apaches in Arizona and New Mexico, a sum which is one-third too small for the service. The Department will be somewhat embarrassed by the action.

It is said that Judge Holt, Judge-Advocate, to whom the President referred the findings in the Howard Court of Inquiry, for review, has returned the same, fairly riddled and destroyed by legal criticism and comments.

Cachise's Dying Declaration Officially Reported

Although not wholly new, we give the following Alta dispatch dated Washington June 28:

The Commissioner of Indian Affairs has received a letter from Indian Agent Jeffords, in which an account of the death of the Indian Chief Cachise is given. Cachise's last words to his people were instructing them all, men, women and children, to come to the agency and forever live at peace with our people, and to look for Jeffords; also, to do as he (Jeffords) told them; and to see that none of the bad Indians should harm him; that so long as they obeyed Jeffords they would be a happy people. The officers of the Indian Bureau say that Cachise kept faith with our people according to his word given to Gen. Howard.

We find the following in a late number of The New Mexican:

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
OFFICE OF INDIAN AFFAIRS,
WASHINGTON, D. C., May 20, 1874.

Sir: I have received your communication of the 15th instant reporting your visit to the reservation at Hot Springs, New Mexico, set apart with the intention of locating thereon the Apaches in Arizona under Cachise and also the Apaches at the Tularosa reservation in New Mexico.

You recommend in view of all the circumstances, the removal of the Apaches at Tularosa, and the establishment of the agency at Hot Springs at as an early date as practicable.
Your recommendation is approved, and you will take the necessary steps to carry the same into effect. It is suggested, however, that in view of the limited amount of funds now on hand, which could be made applicable for these purposes, that any action which will occasion expenditure of funds be delayed until the commencement of the next fiscal year.

A copy of executive order dated the 9th ult., setting apart the reservation in question is transmitted to you herewith.

EDW. P. SMITH,
Commissioner.

EXECUTIVE MANSION, April 9, 1874.
It is hereby ordered that the following tract of country in the Territory of New Mexico be, and the same is hereby withdrawn from sale and reserved for the use and occupation of such Indians as the Secretary of the Interior may see fit to locate thereon as indicated in the diagram, viz: "Beginning at the ruins of an ancient Pueblo in the valley of the Cañada Alamosa and running thence due east ten miles; thence due north twenty-five miles; thence due west thirty miles; thence due south twenty-five miles; thence due east twenty miles to the point of beginning."
U. S. GRANT.

SEE interesting advertisements on fourth page, which could not be put in the proper place this morning.

The New Comet.

Our people are favored with a nightly view of what the press calls "the new comet." It is seen early in the evening in the northwestern sky at an angle of about 45° with the horizon, with a tail apparently about six feet in length visible with the naked eye. To give our readers a bit of scientific history relative to this comet, we quote the following from The New York Herald of June 15:

This new cloud of comical dust is to become in a few weeks one of the most splendid meteors ever witnessed. It was first discovered on April 17 ultimo, by M. Coggia, at Marseilles, small, but having an intense nuclear condensation. Its polar distance was about twenty degrees, fifteen minutes and twenty-three seconds, and it was moving slowly towards the southwest. It was first visible in the early morning, but is now also visible in the evening. It has been increasing in brightness, and, by a sharp and somewhat practised eye, can be seen in the constellation Camelopard in right ascension about seven hours and declination about seventy degrees north. It is now receding from the sun and is dimming in actual size and brightness, but as it is approaching nearer to us its brilliancy is apparently augmented.

This luminous meteor, which is named Comet II. of 1874, is wholly outside of the earth's orbit, but as it moves on its fiery track, will on the 3d of August attain its maximum beauty and brightness for us. When first described by M. Coggia its brightness was only one in the scale, now it is nearly seven; but after the 1st of July it will reach a much higher degree of luminosity, and on the 3d of August will have a brightness of two hundred and forty-five. These figures will afford the reader an idea of what an astronomical treat he may look forward to in August.

Local Mining Matters.

Charles O. Brown has this week been out in the Whetstone mountains looking for the somewhat noted Whetstone mine, known to have been extensively worked many years ago, but did not find it. He found a canyon with a number of springs which form quite a stream, and plenty of ash and walnut shrubbery and wild grapes; also several stone houses, the largest of which was about fifteen feet square. It is not exactly clear whether the houses were built for miners or mesal makers, but there being very little mesal in the neighborhood it is believed they were for miners.

Mr. Brown and others leave to-day for the Oro Blanco mines where there are eight arrastras running on the mine and more are being put up. Parties in from there this week, report the working of 3000 pounds of ore with a yield of \$80 gold.

P. Forbach has recently discovered a rich silver and copper mine only two and one-half miles south of Sacaton Station, and has men at work on it now. He is now on the lookout for other mines, and says that before long he expects to find placer diggings not far from old Camp Reno, beyond McDowell.

Men are at work in the copper district west of Tucson, sinking wells and opening the mines, and we believe quite a number of miners are at work in the Papago district.

Military Telegraph.

The advantages gained by the construction of the Arizona military telegraph, induced Congress to pass the following bill which the President approved June 3, 1874:

Be it enacted, etc., That the Secretary of War be and he is hereby authorized to construct and operate a line of telegraph, beginning at or near the city of Dennison, in Grayson county, Texas; thence by the nearest practicable route to Fort Sill, Indian Territory; thence to Fort Richardson, Texas; thence along the northern frontier line of settlements to Fort Griffin and Concho; thence to the Pecos river, at or near the mouth of Toyah creek; thence to Fort Clarke, on Las Moras creek; thence to Fort Duncan, on the Rio Grande; thence down the Rio Grande via Fort McIntosh and Ringgold's Barracks, to Brownsville, so as to connect the military posts which are now or may hereafter be established on said line with the military headquarters of said district; and that the sum of \$100,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be, and the same is hereby appropriated out of any money in the Treasury of the United States not otherwise appropriated.

It is quite probable Congress can soon be induced to authorize the construction of a connecting line between the two most accessible points in Arizona and New Mexico. Judged by the income of the Arizona line, it is almost certain such a connection would be justified as a strictly business measure.

THERE are two elements of success in the world, flattery and insolence; some use one mode, some the other, but the most successful use both or either as the occasion requires.

The above is untrue, else why did not a persistent use of both succeed a few months ago in Tucson? Obsequious and selfish flattery fails sooner or later, and tyrannical insolence can have but short success in a free country.

THE President has approved the Act extending the time for filing additional bounty claims. Also, the Act admitting duty free articles intended for the Centennial Exhibition.

The Mining Extension Law and Instructions Thereunder.

The Surveyor-General of Arizona received the following circular on Wednesday:

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
GENERAL LAND OFFICE,
June 9, 1874.

The following is an act of Congress approved June 6, 1874:

AN ACT to amend the act entitled "An Act to promote the development of the mining resources of the United States," passed May tenth, eighteen hundred and seventy-two.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled: That the provisions of the fifth section of the act entitled "An Act to promote the development of the mining resources of the United States," passed May tenth, eighteen hundred and seventy-two, which requires expenditures of labor and improvements on claims located prior to the passage of said act, are hereby so amended that the time for the first annual expenditure on claims located prior to the passage of said act shall be extended to the first day of January, eighteen hundred and seventy-five.

By this legislation the requirements of the fifth section of the mining act of May 10, 1872, and the amendatory act of March 1, 1873, are changed by extending the time for the first annual expenditure upon claims located prior to May 10, 1872, to the 1st day of January, 1875.

The requirements in regard to expenditures upon claims located since May 10, 1872, are in no way changed by the above amendatory act.

S. S. BURDETT, Commissioner.

Railway Progress.

It seems that the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe railroad is to be extended southwestward right away. General Ticket Agent, M. L. Sargent, early in May, wrote as follows to Mr. Stephens of Trinidad:

We had our annual meeting yesterday. The same board of directors were re-elected, who elected Thomas Nickerson, president, and F. H. Peabody, vice president. The directors are a unit in favor of extension, and have a scheme about perfected that I believe will work. I now feel confident for the first time that we will get from one hundred to one hundred and twenty-five miles more road before long.

Tully, Ochoa & Co. made one shipment of goods by wagon from Granada, the present terminus of the A. T. & S. F. railroad, and are now making another. With 125 miles additional of railway, the inducements for freight and travel that way will be largely increased.

As will be seen by late dispatches and a paragraph copied into to-day's paper from the San Francisco Bulletin, there is a fair prospect for early work on the Texas and Pacific from the San Diego end, and it has been decided to this year build about ninety miles on the eastern end. After considerable work is done on both ends, the managers of the road will make the strongest possible exertion to fill up the gap, for it will be profitable to do it. Roads ending at no very important point, are comparatively speaking quite unprofitable, and such will be the case with the eastern and western ends of the Texas and Pacific while the main line is not fully finished.

The Home of Hon. T. J. Bidwell.

It may be justly doubted whether the improvements of our friend can be found to have an equal within one hundred miles of him. Though an Arizonan in head and heart, and identified with Arizona's history and interests, he is living, strange to say, on the California side of the Colorado, and west of Ehrenburg. His herd of horses number ten, and his stock with horns and hoofs, one hundred, and fifty. Fifteen acres of his ranch are fenced and five are in garden cultivated in large varieties and of the best quality, and irrigated by means of a steam pump of 6-horse power, and capable of supplying 18,000 gallons per hour. Here evaporation is marvelous and goes on as by steam power. Already three feet of water have been thrown upon some of his vegetables and the fourth foot will be required to bring them to maturity. He deserves success. For some time he has supplied the Ehrenburg market. His prospects are blooming for a watermelon harvest.

His intelligent companion is the daughter of Rev. John Bishop, and is worthy of being a bishop's daughter, and takes a lively interest in all of his financial concerns as a true and faithful helpmate; though so lately in the school-room where by years of earnest devotion to teaching she established an enviable reputation.

And now, if you will not tell any body I told you, I will say that Judge Bidwell intends to move over the flowing Colorado all of his effects as soon as he can with financial safety and build up a permanent home in our beloved Arizona.

The Grange store started last fall at Winona, Wisconsin, has failed. Liabilities, \$13,000, with no assets; and a similar one at Owatonna closed up after a loss of nearly \$20,000.

JULY 4, Henry N. Alexander notified Gov. Safford of his acceptance of the office of probate judge for Yuma county.

PIONEER NEWS DEPOT.

-AND-
CIGAR STORE.

THE LATEST NEWSPAPERS; PERIODICALS, Magazines and Novels
Also, a fine assortment of
CIGARS, TOBACCO, PIPES, ETC.,
constantly on hand.

J. S. MANSFELD,
Lesinsky's block, Congress St.
Tucson, Arizona.

E. N. FISH, Tucson. S. SILVERBERG, San Francisco.

Eagle Steam Flouring Mills,
Tucson, Arizona.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING purchased the above named property are now prepared to furnish the market with a superior article of

Extra Family Flour,
Cracked Wheat,
Superfine Flour,
Graham Flour,
Semitilla,
Corn Meal,
Bran.

Orders respectfully solicited. Custom work on the usual terms.

E. N. FISH & CO.,
Tucson, July 4, 1874. 39-4f

E. N. FISH, Tucson. S. SILVERBERG, San Francisco.
Jos. COLLINGWOOD, Florence.

E. N. FISH and CO.,
MAIN ST., FLORENCE.

Wholesale and Retail

-Dealers in-

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

HAVE constantly on hand a large and well selected stock of DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, BOOTS and SHOES, GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, LIQUORS, CIGARS and TOBACCO, HARDWARE, etc., which we will sell at the VERY LOWEST prices. We have, also, HAY and GRAIN, constantly on hand to supply the public.

Horses and Mules Ranches

By A. C. BENEDICT,

-on-

SAHUARITO RANCH

-in-

SANTA CRUZ VALLEY,

-at-

\$2.50 per Month for Each Animal.
Careful Herders Always with the Stock.

This ranch has ample water and the BEST of GRASS in unlimited quantity. When ordered by the owner, stock will be fed grain at an additional price to be agreed upon.
Stock for this ranch, left at R. N. Leatherwood's corral in Tucson, with instructions as to feed, time, return, etc., will have prompt attention.

As the care of stock will be made a specialty on this ranch, owners can rely upon their animals sent to it, receiving the best care.
January 31, 1874. 17-6m

W. B. HELLINGS, C. H. VAIL,
EDWARD E. HELLINGS.

SALT RIVER VALLEY

FLOURING MILL,

SALT RIVER VALLEY, ARIZONA.

OUR MILL NOW BEING IN FULL operation, we are prepared to furnish the market with a quality of Flour, which we guarantee far superior to any manufactured in the Territory, and fully equal to the very best imported from California. We will keep constantly on hand at the Mill, and at our several agencies

Three Qualities of Flour,

In 25, 50, and 100-Pound Sacks
GRAHAM FLOUR, BRAN,
CORN-MEAL, SEMITILLA
and CRACKED WHEAT.

A liberal discount will be made on regular rates to merchants and others purchasing large quantities.

AGENTS:

W. B. HOOPER & Co., Yuma.
W. B. HOOPER & Co., Ehrenburg.
GIDEON CORNELL, Prescott.
J. H. PIERSON, Wickenburg.
BARNETT & BLOCK, Phoenix.
JAMES A. MOORE, Maricopa Wells.
E. N. FISH & Co., Florence.
E. N. FISH & Co., Tucson.
W. B. HELLINGS & Co., East Phoenix, Arizona.
Dec. 8, 74.